The GIA's Secre?

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An official of the Central Intelligence Agency has suggested the possibility of "some kind of negotiated settlement" of the hostilities in South

According to the proposal, which was made public but not endorsed by Administration sources, the negotiated settlement would be based upon neutralization of the area.

Willard Matthias, a member of the CIA's Board of National Estimates, one of the highest units in the agency, was author of the suggestion in a 50-page working paper dated June 8.

Administration officials emphasized that it did not reflect official United States policy. It was made dicated it planned to print cies of government. excerpts.

'STALEMATE'

mate" might be achieved.

Working papers of officials, of the Central Intelligence Trends in the World Situ-Agency are almost never made public. It was believed, however, that when Administration leaders learned that South Vietnam is in its fifth a copy had fallen into the year, and no end appears in hands of a newspaper they sight. The Vit Cong in the that political evolution within feared some political use South, dependent largely the country and developmight be made of it.

it was felt that the views of a single official suggesting a possible negotiation might be incorrectly construed as the Administration's policy. Administration sources said it was then decided to make the paper public to demon-, strate both that it was not a secret and that it was of a discursive nature.

When it was made available to the press it had a cover sheet signed by Sherman Kent, chairman of the Board

of National Estimates, stat- ing their offensive more viging that the paper had "gen- orously than ever. eral board approval, though no attempt has been made to every point of it."

DESCRIPTION

A colleague of Matthias deavailable apparently only be- scribed the paper as a "think cause a copy was said to piece," typical of many have been obtained by the which are distributed Chicago Tribune, which in throughout the various agen-

Qualified sources said, however, that while Matthias' Matthias observed in this views on negotiating a settlepaper that there was "searly ment did not reflect the offious doubt that victory can be cial U.S. position, they were won" and indicated that, at widely held in government best, "a prolonged stale- and were the subject of recurrent official discussions.

> In his paper entitled ation," Matthias wrote:

gime in the North, are press-upon neutralization."

"The political mistakes of the Diem regime inhibited reach general agreement on the effective prosecution of the war, which is really more of a political contest than a military, operation, and led to the regime's destruction.

> "The counter-guerrilla effort continues to flounder, partly because of the inherent difficulty of the problem and partly because Diem's successors have not yet demonstrated the leadership and inspiration necessary...

"There remains serious doubt that victory can be won, and the situation remains very fragile. If largescale U.S. support continues and if further political deterioration within South Vietnum is prevented, at least a "The guerrilla war in prolonged stalemate can be attained.

"There is also a chance upon their own resources but ments upon the world scene under the direction and con- could lead to some kind of trol of the Communist re-negotiated settlement based